***Hydrology Vocabulary***

***Water cycle***- Water moving continuously from the ocean/land to the sky and back

***Evaporation***- Liquid water changing to water vapor and rising to the atmosphere

***Condensation***- Water vapor changing to liquid and forming clouds.

***Precipitation***- Rain, Sleet, Snow, or Hail falling down

***Transpiration***- Evaporation from plants

***Runoff***- Water flowing on the ground due to gravity

***Infiltration***- Water sinking into the ground

***Fresh water***- Water in lakes, rivers, underground, and glaciers

***Salt water***- Ocean water

***Aquifer***- Water stored under ground between layers of rock.

***Groundwater***- Water held in soil and rock crevices

***Surface currents***- Ocean surface water movement

***Continental shelf***- Gentle sloping seabed near the land

***Continental slope***- Outer edge of the continental shelf to the ocean floor

***Continental rise***- Ocean floor between the continental slope and the abyssal plain.

***Mid-ocean ridges***- Ocean floor mountain system form by plate tectonics

***Seamounts***- Mountains under the ocean

***Volcanic island***- Island above the ocean surface form from seamounts

***Ocean trench***- Deepest parts of the ocean floor at a subduction zone

***Renewable resources***- Resources that can be continually replaced.

***Nonrenewable resources***- Resources that are used faster than it is made